The Promises to Abraham

- I. God made several promises to Abraham.
 - 1. God promised to make a great nation of Abraham and to make his name great (Gen 12:2).
 - 2. God promised that in Abraham would all the families of the earth be blessed (Gen 12:3).
 - 3. God promised to give the land of Canaan to Abraham's seed (Gen 12:7).
 - 4. God promised to give the land of Canaan to Abraham himself and to his seed forever (**Gen 13:14-15,17**).
 - 5. God promised to make Abraham's seed as the dust of the earth that cannot be numbered (Gen 13:16).
 - 6. God promised that Abraham's seed would be as numerous as the stars of heaven (**Gen 15:5**).
 - 7. God made a covenant with Abraham promising to give the land to his seed (Gen 15:18).
 - 8. God made a covenant between Himself and Abraham promising to multiply him exceedingly and make him a father of many nations (**Gen 17:1-6**).
 - 9. God made a covenant of circumcision with Abraham and his seed the nation of Israel (**Gen 17:7-14**).
 - 10. God promised to give Abraham a son through Sarah (Gen 17:15-16).
 - 11. God promised to establish His covenant with Isaac and his seed after him (Gen 17:19,21).
 - 12. God promised to return and cause Sarah to have a son (Gen 18:10,14).
 - 13. God promised that all the nations of the earth would be blessed in Abraham (Gen 18:18).
 - 14. God restated His promise to Abraham that He would multiply his seed as the stars of heaven and in his seed would all the nations of the earth be blessed (**Gen 22:16-18**).
- II. The promises to Abraham were made to him and his seed (Gal 3:16).
 - 1. The promises were not made to Abraham's natural descendants, the Jews, but rather to only one descendant, his seed, Jesus Christ (Gal 3:16).
 - 2. "Abraham's seed" does sometimes refer to natural Israel (Isa 41:8; Joh 8:37; Rom 9:7; Rom 11:1; 2Co 11:22).
 - 3. But the promises were not made to them, but to Christ (Gal 3:16).
 - 4. There was a temporal and partial fulfillment of the promises made to Abraham and his seed in Abraham's son Isaac (**Gen 26:3**) and in his grandson Jacob (**Gen 28:4,13-14; Gen 35:12**).
 - 5. There was an earthly aspect to the promises that pertained to Abraham's seed which were his natural descendants.
 - A. This is manifest by the language used in **Gen 17:7-14**.
 - B. Observe how Abraham's seed is referred to in the plural and is clearly referring to his physical descendants, remembering though that this is only a temporal and partial fulfillment of the promises.
 - i. **Gen 17:7** And I will establish my covenant between me and thee and <u>thy</u> <u>seed</u> after thee in <u>their generations</u> for an everlasting covenant, to be a God unto thee, and to <u>thy seed</u> after thee.
 - ii. **Gen 17:8** And I will give unto thee, and to <u>thy seed</u> after thee, the land wherein thou art a stranger, all the land of Canaan, for an everlasting possession; and I will be their God.

- iii. **Gen 17:9** And God said unto Abraham, Thou shalt keep my covenant therefore, thou, and thy seed after thee in their generations.
- iv. **Gen 17:10** This is my covenant, which <u>ye</u> shall keep, between me and <u>you</u> and <u>thy seed</u> after thee; <u>Every man child among you</u> shall be circumcised. (*ye* and *you* are plural pronouns)
- v. **Gen 17:11** And <u>ye</u> shall circumcise the flesh of <u>your</u> foreskin; and it shall be a token of the covenant betwixt me and <u>you</u>. (*ye*, *you*, and *your* are plural pronouns)
- vi. **Gen 17:12** And he that is eight days old shall be circumcised among <u>you</u>, <u>every man child in your generations</u>, he that is born in the house, or bought with money of any stranger, which is not of thy seed. (*you* and *your* are plural pronouns)
- vii. **Gen 17:13** He that is born in thy house, and he that is bought with thy money, must needs be circumcised: and my covenant shall be in <u>your</u> flesh for an everlasting covenant. (*your* is a plural pronoun)
- viii. **Gen 17:14** And the uncircumcised man child whose flesh of his foreskin is not circumcised, that soul shall be cut off from his people; he hath broken my covenant.
- C. The earthly, partial fulfillment of the promises made to Abraham of having a numerous seed and of inheriting the land of Canaan was not the true essence of the promises.
 - i. Firstly, we know this because the promise was made to Jesus Christ, not to earthly Israel (Gal 3:16).
 - ii. Secondly, we know this because the land was promised to Abraham himself and his seed (Gen 13:14-15,17; Gen 17:8).
 - a. Yet Abraham never possessed even one square inch of the land in his lifetime (Act 7:5).
 - b. Therefore, the true essence of the promise made to Abraham and his seed was not for the earthly land of Canaan, else God lied, which is impossible (**Heb 6:18**).
- 6. The true recipient of the promise made to Abraham and his seed was Jesus Christ, the seed of Abraham (Gal 3:16 c/w Mat 1:1).
 - A. Jesus Christ, and all that are in Him through election (Eph 1:4; 1Co 1:30), are the true seed of Abraham to whom the promises were made (Gal 3:29).
 - B. Consider the promises made to Abraham and their fulfillment in Christ.
 - i. God promised to make a great nation of Abraham (Gen 12:2).
 - a. The church, who is the body of Jesus Christ, is a holy nation (1Pe 2:5,9).
 - b. The church is the kingdom of God that consumed all the kingdoms of the earth (**Dan 2:44**).
 - ii. God promised that in Abraham all the families and all the nations of the earth would be blessed (Gen 12:3; Gen 18:18; Gen 22:18).
 - a. Jesus Christ fulfilled this promise by justifying the heathen through His faith (Gal 3:8 c/w Gal 2:16).
 - b. Men out of every nation and family of the earth were blessed by Jesus Christ (Act 3:26 c/w Rev 5:9).

- iii. God promised to give the land of Canaan to Abraham's seed (Gen 12:7; Gen 13:14-15; Gen 15:18).
 - a. Jesus Christ is the heir to the kingdom of Israel (Joh 1:49; Joh 12:13; Mar 12:6-7).
 - b. The Lord Jesus is also the heir of the world (Rom 4:13 c/w Heb 1:2).
 - c. Those that are in Christ, the true seed of Abraham, are the heirs of this world (1Co 3:21-23) and the world to come (Luk 20:35; Mar 10:30).
 - d. God predestinated the elect in Christ to receive a heavenly inheritance which is the true promised land (**Eph 1:11**).
 - e. This is the inheritance in the new earth and heavens that Abraham was and is looking forward to (**Heb 11:8-10,13-16**).
- iv. God promised to make Abraham's seed as the dust of the earth and as the stars of heaven that cannot be numbered (Gen 13:16; Gen 15:5).
 - a. Abraham's natural descendants are innumerable (Heb 11:12).
 - b. The redeemed, who are Abraham's true seed, are a multitude which no man can number (**Rev 7:9**).
- v. God made a covenant of circumcision with Abraham and his seed the nation of Israel (Gen 17:7-14).
 - a. As part of the everlasting covenant that God made with Abraham, He promised him and his seed the land of Canaan for an everlasting possession (**Gen 17:7-8**).
 - b. The token of that covenant was circumcision (Gen 17:10-11).
 - c. The covenant of circumcision was said to be an everlasting covenant (Gen 17:13).
 - d. Circumcision ended with the coming of the New Testament (Gal 5:6; Gal 6:15-16) along with Israel's possession of the earthly land of Canaan (Luk 21:24).
 - e. The everlasting covenant of circumcision was fulfilled by the circumcision of Christ when He was cut off for our sins (Col 2:11 c/w Psa 37:22 c/w Gal 3:13; Isa 53:8; Dan 9:26), thereby destroying the body of our sins and spiritually circumcising us (Col 2:11; Rom 6:6; Heb 9:26).
- vi. The elect who are Christ's are Abraham's seed (Gal 3:29) and are the Israel of God (Gal 6:16) who have been spiritually circumcised (Rom 2:28-29) and are heirs of the everlasting heavenly promised land (1Pe 1:4).